



Math 412–Introduction to Algebraic Systems Course Syllabus

Course description: Introduction to the study of algebraic systems with particular emphasis on concrete examples of the basic algebraic structures, groups, rings, integral domains, and fields.

Credit hours: 3

Course Prerequisites and Corequisites: MTH 311

Course outline:

	<u>Approximate time spent</u>
• Sets & Binary Operations	15%
○ Basic set theory	
○ Equivalence relations	
○ Binary operations	
○ Binary structures	
○ Isomorphic structures	
○ Commutativity	
• Introductory Group Theory	30%
○ Definitions of group and subgroups	
▪ Canonical examples	
▪ Subgroup tests	
▪ Abelian groups	
○ Notions of homomorphism and isomorphism	
▪ Basic definitions	
▪ Properties	
▪ Tests for proving homomorphism	
▪ Tests for proving isomorphism	
○ Cyclic groups	
▪ Fundamental Theorem of Cyclic Groups	
○ Generating Sets and Cayley diagrams	
• Permutations, Cosets and Direct Products	25%
○ Permutation groups	
○ Orbits and cycles	
○ Alternating groups	
○ Cosets	
▪ Theorem of Lagrange	
○ Direct products	
○ Finitely generated abelian groups	
• Homomorphisms	15%
○ Definition and intuition of homomorphism	
○ Basic properties	
○ Tests for proving homomorphism	
○ Tests for proving isomorphism	
○ Normality and factor groups	
• Rings and Fields	15%
○ Definition and basic examples of ring	
○ Definition and basic examples of integral domain	
○ Definition and basic examples of field	

Student Learning Outcomes (SLO): At the end of MTH 312, a student who has studied and learned the material should be able to:

1. Recognize and prove theorems about equivalence relations, group structures, and basic ring structures. [PLO: 2,3]
2. Recognize cyclic groups and apply the fundamental theorem of cyclic groups. [PLO: 3]
3. Recognize subgroups and prove that a given subset of a group is a subgroup. [PLO: 2,3]
4. Construct and manipulate group and ring homomorphisms. [PLO: 2,4]
5. Read and construct Cayley diagrams. [PLO: 2]
6. Connect the definitions to their common applications in lower level mathematics. [PLO: 1,4]
7. Recognize and interpret theorems to prove properties about specific algebraic structure. [PLO: 1,3,4]
8. Use the skills of proof by contradiction, proof by contraposition, and proof of set equality. [PLO: 3]
9. Test a potential isomorphism for being well-defined, a homomorphism, one-to-one and onto. [PLO: 1,2]
10. Understand mappings and use definitions of one-to-one, onto, well-defined, homomorphism, isomorphism and others to characterize a given map. [PLO: 1,4]
11. Create factor groups and interpret elements of factor groups accurately. [PLO: 2,4]
12. Recognize and construct classic examples of rings, integral domains and fields. [PLO: 2,3]
13. Interpret permutations and symmetries in a group theoretic context. [PLO: 1,2,4]

Program Learning Outcomes (PLO):

Students graduating from SFASU with a B.S. degree and a major in mathematics will:

1. Demonstrate comprehension of core mathematical concepts. [**Concepts**]
(notion of theorem, mathematical proof, logical argument)
2. Execute mathematical procedures accurately, appropriately, and efficiently. [**Skills**]
(calculus, algebra, routine, nonroutine, applied)
3. Apply principles of logic to develop and analyze conjectures and proofs. [**Logical Reasoning**]
(quantifiers, breaking down mathematical statements, counterexamples)
4. Demonstrate competence in using various mathematical tools, including technology, to formulate, represent, and solve problems. [**Problem Solving**]
(calculus tools, algebra tools, applied tools, nonstandard problem solving)